Workshop on Geometry of Statistical Manifolds and Related Topics (2) Hokkaido University October 29, 2010



$$\nabla_{\partial_i}\partial_j = -\sum_k \delta_{ijk} (y^k)^{-1} \partial_k, \quad \delta_{ijk} = \begin{cases} 1, & i=j=k, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Geodesics with respect to ∇ (blue) and ∇^* (green) on $((\mathbb{R}^+)^2, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle)$



A realization of $((\mathbb{R}^+)^2, \nabla, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle)$

